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COMPENSATION LAW.

SKETCH OF THE FIRST DAY'S DEBATE. TUESDAY, JANUARY 14.

In committee of the whole, Mr. Bascker-miss in the chair, on the bill to repeal the not passed at the last session of Congress, to het passed at the last session of Congress, to change the mode of compensation to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress.
The bill having been read—
Mr. Jonsson, of Kentucky, said that, in moving, as he now did, to fill the blank (for

the amount of future daily compensation) with eight dollars, he obeyed the instructions of the committee who reported this bill, of which he was a member. There had been in the committee a diversity of opinion on this subject, one or two gentiemen preferring nine or ten, and a bare majority consenting to eight—Although he did not differ from the committee in the reasoning of their report, he could not feel it his duty, to come to the same result as to the future compensation, as a majority of the committee had done. He should, he said, vote against the repeal of the present compensation taking a reterospective operation; he wished the repeal to take place on the fourth day of March next, and leave it to the next Congress, four fifths of whom were elected to regulate this matter, the right of fixing it. He was desirous, he said, to give them a responsibility which he presumed they would be proud to assume, and should vote against adding at this time a single cent to the old comng at this time a single cent to the old compensation of six dellars per day. Mr. J. ex-pressed his hope, as he had endeavoted, in previously discussing the subject, to avoid on pressed his hope, as he had endeavored, in previously discussing the subject, to avoid on a question of this delicacy saying any thing in the scope of public contemplation and the feelings of the members, that perfect harmony would characterize the whole debate. He believed, he said, that no members of this House regarding the most in the repeal; or otherwise if the measure that the law should the north of the scope of public contemplation should be foremost in the regeal; or otherwise if the measure the whole debate. He believed, he said, that the present of this House regarding the most in the repeal; or otherwise if the measure that the law should then be divested of its sideration as in the combined export of the measure that the law should be manifested as to who should be foremost in the repeal; or otherwise if the measure that the law should then be divested of its sideration as in the combined export of the surprise. It will appeal to my there are the same that the law should be manifested as to who should be foremost in the regarding the measure that the law should be manifested as to who should be foremost the surprise. It will appeal to my the general question, reserving himself for a there are the same that the scope of public contemplation, at this time, to enter into the general question, reserving himself for a there are the general question, reserving himself for a there are the general question, reserving himself for a there are the general question, reserving himself for a there are the proving himself for a there are the general question, reserving himself for a there are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving himself for a three are the general question, reserving hims

referred, took an average of what the states i was either six dollars, and one-third, or twothirds, which, is now forgot. They reported, however, six dollars a day for the Representa tives, but limited it to a time after the census would be taken and a more equal representaabout, twenty years ago, the subject was then referred to a committee. A salary was pro-posed and advocated, but believing it was contrary to public opinion, or at least the common practice in p ving the state legislatures, this was dropped, and a compensation of eight dollars a day reported; after a discussion this was rejected by one, or at most

There had about this time been a considerable rise of expense, and several state legisla-tures had increased their compensation, yet Congress, believing that this arose from temeight dollars was rejected, some members o-

such as have to support their families by their industry in any occupation it would not do.

Several members, to his own knowledge, had tried it a few cessions, sending the half of their wages monthly to support their families, but had to decline. It was well known that members preferred almost any offices in their many offices in their members preferred almost any offices in their constitutions will be the inevitable consequence.

Several members, to his own knowledge, had tried it a few cessions, sending the half of their wages monthly to support their families, but had to decline. It was well known that members preferred almost any offices in their members preferred almost any offices in their members preferred almost any offices in their troating in the public mind, is alive, liberty is safe. The people will correct any errors that may be gone into by their agents.

Mr. D said, this was an unpleasant subject into consideration the expences he must necessary to the constant of the constant of the last opposition to what they conceived an encroach ment, was a favorable symptom of owners of society, until the prostration of our free institutions will be the inevitable consequence.

But more particularly to the point—Is fifter this feeling in the public mind, is alive, liberty is safe. The people will correct any errors that may be gone into by their agents.

Mr. D said, this was an unpleasant subject into consideration the expences he must necessary and what made it is a constant of the const gift of the United States, as well as of their troactive in the same manner as the act passed

transacted in a thin house, which certainly ought not to be the case. He observed, that, agreeably to the princi-

ples of our government, all classes, and all interests, ought to be represented in Congress.

He knew that the wages might be made so vernment. But even if the compensation was it too high in their raised, or the salary established, there would refund the surplusalways be many who would not serve, many to whom no wages we ought to give, would cam pensate their toss; and there are many whom Jol no compensation we gould give, would induce to law from him than it could have come from and cares, to serve at such a distance from him than it could have come from any other member, as he brought forward the measure which this bill comtemplates, modified the members have to do.

Ar. Randolf and lay up some money and lay up some money and I admit he ought to lay up some money and I admit h

with a common the features of the member as speniances merely, with a view to new the of this House, regarding the member as pensioners merely, with a view to new the of this House, regarding the member as pensioners merely, with a view to new the of this House, regarding the member as pensioners merely, with a view to new the pensioners merely, with a view to new the variety of the pensioners merely, with a view to new the variety of the view of the variety of the view of the variety of the view of the v undo all they have done, or to do nothing. In thought he possessed as much independence as what situation otherwise shall we stand? In most men, but he confessed that he was not what situation otherwise shall we stand? In what predicament shall we present ourselves so independent as to disregard public opinion. tors were raised so high as to give a spring to our constituents?—going on the principle that these constituents are hostile to the law—ple are virtually the governors, and we, as sideration, you give at once a vital stab to their arents, are bound to act up to their will, patriotism. Patriotism will sink under sor the people who have been clamoring about it, gainst the compensation law. It has not only gislatures, in free governments, is, if the when they are told they have repealed the act, been disapprobated, but reprobated from one wish to perpetuate liberty, and their happy in and taken the difference of 33 1-3 per cent. end of the continent to the other, in a few places stitutions, to frame their laws and public reg and taken the difference of six behad never excepted, where extravagance is the order of cliations so as to guard particularly against passed it? I would not wish to stand in a the day, and among a few individuals in other extravagance and luxury, the ground work of

Without now giving an opinion on the merits of the bill, reserving himself till the bill not only a right to complain, but had ample I say it is prudent to guard againt what may should be more fully before the House, he rose cause of complaint. We had but recently got at first appear trivial, but what may and what to offer an amendment which he believed would out of a necessary, but an expensive war. I certainly will, operate as an entering wedge supersede the amendment proposed by the gen-tleman from Kentucky. Take notice, said he, say they were pretty heavily burthened with the means of the overthrow of the only re clerks and some subordinate officers, and of the heads of departments, for a limited time, the heads of departments, for a limited time, the heads of departments, for a limited time, they would have borne double—yes, treble, as icy to frame your regulations to as to guard the however, has been recovered. When the House, but to shew what in my weich, however, has been renewed. When the to entrap the House, but to shew what, in my much, if they could have been convinced that against this kankering worn, this fatal enemy opinion ought to be done, if we move in the penly declared their intention to decline, and question at all. Mr. R. then proposed to strike but when they discovered, (as they believed) Mr. F said, that to members whose farms provision to repeal entirely the law of last sested their families, and who did not sion, and require a deduction from the amount tionar burthens on them, was it any wonder vernments, with the highest legislators, and bring their families with them, the six dollars of pay received by the members, of so much a day would still pay their expenses; but to as, during the past and present sessions, they but what the agitation in the public mind was, spred its destructive venom throughout all such as have to support their families by their shall have received over and above the rate of in some instances, carried to extremes, yet the own state, to a seat in Congress, and it is evi- at the last session. It perhaps might be redent, that, for want of attendance of members, membered by the chair, or perhaps the chair-the most important measures were frequently man might not have thought it worth while to Randolph) had made a motion, limiting the operation of the law to a future Congress; and that that motion, on the argument of other gentlemen, he had seen fit to withdraw-and larly

Some who have done so, always reflect on it knowledge of its rules and orders of proceed fying or repealing; but the gentleman's ducement to acceptance of office. Let as ex-

Thank God mine have said nothing to me about their agents, are bound to act up to their will, patriotism. it; no sir, I do not think mine will say any thing when that can be ascertained; and can any gendid avarice; me on that score-What shall we say to tleman doubt that the will of the people is a republics. The first consideration of wise le more pitiable, I would add pitiful, condition places, who consider themselves exclusively the overthrow of neerly, if not quite all the before the people, than with this bill in my entitled to all offices of prominence, and who ancient republics? And is it not a fair way of hand as amendatory of the act of the last ses-situation, when a fat salary would be quite past? At least it will be acknowledged, that welcome. It is my opinion, toat the people had what has happened may happen again-Then, t was necessary, in defence of their rights: out the whole bill, and insert in lieu thereof a that the adoption of the compensation law, was aggrandizing ourselves, and laying addithey complained? Although I have no doubt

Mr. D said, this was an unpleasant subject into consideration the expences he must neto touch upon, and what made it rather emcessarilly incur here? But this question will Devoted as I am to the democratic branch of barrassing to him, was the knowledge that it was speaking against the feelings and man might not have thought it worth while to remember, that at the last session, he (Mr. same time recollecting the pointed and severe brings his family with him, keeps waiters, has sarcasms, and ridicule attempted to be at- a carriage and horses, he may expend large tached to all those who were opposed to the sums of money; but are these necessary ap compensation bill, last session, and particu- pendages to legislation? I conceive not. to those who got an oppportunity of consider the man who is always at his post, and particular served than the grant the measure. But where duis and is attentive to his duty, of more consehe had so thought for this reason, that each speaking against the measure. But where duit and is attentive to his duty, of more conserved the responsibility impelled, he trusted he should never be quence to the public, than the manney or wain their money or wain the immediate representatives; more than could afford the expense, and did not depend on their own personal industry, would serve on their own personal industry of the personal it too high in their own opinions, the ought to feeling, and he hoped he should be treated officer of government ought to have an ample with a correspondent liberality, as he should compensation for services. He ought not to said, wish to go before the people of the U.

a number of the officers of government, com-mencing with the President of the United States, and coming down to the Sargeant of Arms, and Door keeper. I will appeal to my

Mr D said whenever the salary of legisladid avarice, the precursor of the downtall o to free governments, extravagance and luxury the whole stream must become poluted when it commences with your heads of go officers of government, it will ramify, and orders of society, until the prostration of our

of Congress to receive for his service, taking depend upon circumstances: It will depend the government, said Mr. R. I wish to place it d inclina- upon what equippage he has, and the number in such a situation as to hold as well as received

The Chairman having declared that Mr. Randolph's motion did not supersede that of Mr. Johnson—

Mr. Randolph said, he was not in the situa
With a correspondent interactly, as de should compensation for services. The cught not to said, wish to go before the people of the U. be campelled, from the scantiness of his pay, States, high ing and disputing between six, to live parsimoniously; but still he ought to seven, eight or nine dollars a day. He hoped pay some respect to economy. My opinion is, the act of the last session would revive the bill is bottomed, because he thought it came that six dollars per day will enable a member.

Some who have done so, always reflect on it is made and orders of proceeding. The rule with which he has been acquainted to the company of the resolution, was a paper of the grant of the company of the resolution, and the process of the company of the resolution. It was calculated to the company of the resolution of bane of civil liberty, or produce avarice and luxury, the introduction of which is destructive to governments, whose base or strength,

Mr. D. said he should vote for filling up the blank with no sum but six dollars; he was opposed to the compensation bill when it was adopted; he still thought it wrong, and was in favour of placing the pay of members on their former footing, and also for the repealing law taking effect from the commencement of this session; or, if gentlemen please, from the termination of last. One word as to an expression made use of by a gentleman, which was, that a few months ago, after long discussion and mixture deliberation.

nd mature deliberation, we passed this law. Mr. Chairman, what is the fact? The bill vas introduced on the 6th of March, read the first and second time agreeably to rule, and committed to a committee of the whole, and made the order of the day for the seventh. On the 7th, the house went in committee of the whole on the bill in the after part of the day.—
The bill was under discussion in the committee of the whole on the bill in the after part of the cap. The bill was under discussion in the committee about three or four hours, when the com-mittee rose, reported the bill, and ordered it to be engrossed for a third reading on the 8th, and on the 8th the bill passed the House of Representatives; only one day intervened between the day of its introduction, and the day it passed and left the House.

in the few remarks I have submitted, I have cautiously avoided personalities, or any exgentlemen; and trust that a correspondent li-berality will be measured out to me.

MR. ROBERTSON, of Louisianna, proposed to trike out the first section of the bill, at once o effect the rejection; to ascertain, without ircumlocution, whether the House seriously neant to undo at this session what they had one at the last

Being informed by the chairman that such a notion was not now in order, Mr. R expressed was not, as he was desirous to new that he at least would adhere to opinions deliberately formed. He agreed to the position that the public voice, correctly understood, ought to be obeyed. What public voice, then, eard he, am I to obey ? That of my own constituents. The only remark Mr R. said, that he thought proper to make on this question at the last session, was, that the vote which he should give would be known to his constituents before is election. That vote had been before them, and no objection had been made to it. oice of his constituents, therefore, Mr. R. said did not require him to vote for the repeal of &

law for which they had no objection.

He confessed, he said, that his principal obect, at the last session, was to place the mempers in the same relative situation, as to comcensation, as other officers of the government & that this House should not be considered as the mere avenue to executive appointment-in a word that the nation should be represented in this House by the talents and character which vernment, the ligislature, was placed first in the constitution and in the spirit of the government, but had become last in the idministration of it. First principles he said, ought to be adhered to; and that place which Congress holds under the constitution it ought to hold in the administration of the government-Looking back to the history of the government, how few of those who had had the honor of seat on this floor, distinguished by talent, had remained here! They had either gone home to support their families or had gone over to the Executive. Whatever might be said here in contempt of money, offices are more sought after, and if not more honorable are more people in this House as one to which they could

of the last sess on untouched. He did not, he

any question of expediency, he would give the vote required, or retire from their service. With regard to any question involving the constitution, he did not acknowledge his obligation to obey instructions, but, if he had ar opportunity, he would even in that case retire, opportunity, he would even in that case tetre, and give them an opportunity to choose one who would. Was this public opinion to be found in the clamors at cross posts and popular meetings? There was a mode, he said, in which public opinion would be expressed to this House, and the people knew the mode.—Mr. R. and he did not teel himself bound to segard as public opinion the statements of the to ourselves to let them know what we are: we owe it to them not to sinft or vary our

should, he said, vote against any proposed modification of the law of the last session, going of Indian origin, are modestly diffident and is to reduce the amount of compensation: for it in vain for gentlemen to talk about honor as an inducement to serve here, when it has not been sufficient to induce members to remain in this printed calico short rowns, netticods of strongly.

company, containing most of Col. Miller's command with us, and the Col. himself, heading the expedition. His motives for so doing have, no doubt, ere this, been communicated to the

bar, six miles below the mouth of the river Colonel Miller and Boyer, & myself proceeded up the river to examine the country. On our and saluted by such of the militia as could be assembled in time to receive us. This party was headed by justice it theaume, a civil officery that it is an entire novelty in the country has excited universal curiosity and accountry accountry has a country and accountry accountry and accountry accoun cer for the county of St. Clair, commissioned by the Governor of Indiana: he addressed Col. Millar for and in behalf of the people under his jurisdiction expressing the satisfaction they felt in secing the Imerican flag set up in their country, and hoped that, for the future it would never ceuse of waving over their heads. After returning the judge's civilities with discharges of musketry, and treating his ragamnffins with some liquor, we departed to pay a visit to Thomas, the Indian chief of the Manominies, whose village consists of three large lodges, and directly opposite to where the judge had paid us such marked attention. On our landing we were again saluted as we had been by On our entrance, Thomas rose from ig about sixty Indians, and met us half way from where he was sitting, presenting his hand to each of us, complimenting us at the same time on our safe arrival, and courteously point ed to clean mats prepared for the occasion, where we were to set down. Col. Bover, who while at Mackinac, had received a pipe of in-vitation from him, produced it, lighted it, and presented it to smoke to the chief, his young men and visitors. That ceremony being over, the Colonel informed Thomas of the obje his mission to this country, and assured the In dians, through him, that the garrison to be built was for the purpose of protecting them and preventing bad birds from hovering among them The talk was well received by the Indians, and answered immediately through Thomas, who acquiesced in every proposition made on our part, and expressed great satisfac-tion at what had been told him.

French bad their garrison. It is about one mile from the mouth of the river, on its left bank. The position is admirably calculated for a military post, and is not unlike Spring sand mound of considerable ea tent; to the north it is joined by a ridge, which almost imperceptibly to the eye desce two or three miles, at the distence of 1,010 yards, I found, on carculation, which ridge 7 1-2 feet lower than the mound; this ridge being the highest land within three or four being the highest land within three to occupy miles of it, determined us, at once to occupy ing y the Coast of the best in miles of it, determined us, at once to occupy it. It is within one mile from the mouth of he will proceed through the British Channel and South Sea up the Beltic, to Petersburgh the river, and commands it completely. On its rear is a cranberry marsh of half a mile in the near is a cranberry marsh of half a mile in thence along the Coast of Norway to the North Sea. extent; in front, the river, with low lands on its opposite shore; and above an exensive prairie, some few feet lower than said mound. " The country bordering on this bay and For river far exceeds in beauty any account given of it. The lands on entering the river are low and marshy, and from the extent of the marshes would indicate an unhealthy country, which, by no means, is the case; the inhabitants are remarkably robust and healthy, and do not recollect to have seen among them one

"From thence we descended to where the

single case of those diseases so common to jects of rational curiosity which will be presented at EX'R. PARKER & SON, the countries similarly situated. Our troops, ted to the traveller, on such a tour, would afford though only half a mile from those marshes, materials, which, if we digested and arranged. and encamped immediately on the cranberry marsh before mentioned, are, if any thing healthier than the men at Mackinack. The banks of the river continue low for two or three miles are the continue low for two or two or three miles are the continue low for two or three miles are the continue low for two or three miles are the continue low for two or three miles are the continue low for two or the continue low for two or two or the continue low for two or the continue low for two or two or two or the continue low for two or two or the continue low for two or the continue low for two or two or two or the continue low for two or two o miles up, when they gradually rise 80 or 100 feet above the water, from whence commence forests of pine, oak and maple. The whole of the river upwards is said to be of the same na-ture. To this may be attributed the healthi ness of the country, the S. W. winds prevailing throughout the summer, and blowing immediate ately down the valley formed by the river, and meeting no pools of stagnant water in its coure must necessarily be pure; and when any other

edly cultivated, notwithstanding which, they gather considerable crops of wheat, corn. peas and potatoes; and were it not for the almost [Canada Spectator.] course, to catch the popular opinion and thus continual encroachment of the Indians,—would to serve our own views, at the expense of our be more than sufficient for ther consumption conviction of what is true, and what the pub- As it is, we found them literally starving with fine promising crops around them. These peo.

On the 1st inst. the steam boat Vesuvius

Mr. It said he would not enter into the disple excel in their gardens, each inhabitant have which had been ournt to the water's edge on the

in vain for gentlemen to talk about honor as an inducement to acrive here, when it has not been sufficient to induce members to remain in this sufficient to induce the sufficient to induce members to remain in this sufficient to induce the suffici were be to execute his purpose, that there were the expedition. His motives for so doing have, no doubt, ere this, been communicated to the General and consequently to you: a repetition, therefore, is unaccessary. Our progress onward was retarded only from a want of knowl.

Change from the country to punish all such free of any feee. The act of the Legislature of offences, and they would do him ample justice. Maryland, which obtained a similar privilege for six years, expired in January last, and has during the fellow was then brought down to the In-General and consequently to you; a repetition of therefore, is unnecessary. Our progress on-ward was retarded only from a want of knowl-ward was retarded on a want of knowl-ward was retarded on a want of knowl-ward was retarded on the knowl-ward was retarded on t ward was retarded only from a want of knowledge of the waters we had to navigate; which, however, we found easy and unattended with difficulties. The S. E. coast of the bay is elevated and rocky, furnishing fine harbors for vessels. The tands receding from the shore are beautiful and covered with fine overgrown are beautiful to adopt the could be permitted to adopt the could be permitted

EASTERN MAGNIFICENCE:

FROM THE BOSTON INTELLIGENCER, OF JAN. 21 Cleopatra's Burge - The elegant equipment of this vessel, by Mr. Crowninshield for a voy country, has excited universal curiosity and ac ion. Whilst she was laying at the whi in Salem, we have heard she attracted companifrom various surrounding places to view so per fect a specimen of nautical architecture sumptuous accommodation. Eighteen hundre ladies, it is asserted, visited her in the cours of one day. Cleopatra's Barge measures about 200 tons, and is modelled after one of the swiftest sailing ships which was ever driven by the wind. Being introduced on board, you de scend into a magnificent seloon, about 20 fee long and 19 feet broad, finished on all sides with mahogany, inlaid with other ornamental wood The settees of the saloon are of splendid work manship; the backs are shaped like the ancientlyre, and the sears are covered with crimso silk velvet, bordered with a very wide edging of gold lace. Two splendid mirrors, standing either end, and a mignificent chandelier, suspended in the centre of the saloon, give a rich less of effect to it, not easily surpassed. In stead of births on the sides of this hall, then are closets for the tea equipage and suit of plate for the dinner table, which are finished in a high style of elegance. The after cabin contains sleeping accommidations for the under officers of the vessel The owner's and captain's state rooms are very commodious

The conveniences for the kitchens and stew ard's apartments may be considered models in their way. There are equeducts in all parts of the vessel which require them. The intention of Mr. Crowninshield, we understand, is to proceed in the first instance to the Western Islands, thence through the Streights of Gibraltar, and, following the windings of the left coast of the Mediterranean, will touch at every priciple city on the route, which will be, round the Island of Sicily up the Gulf of Venice to Trieste, along the coast of Albania and the Morea, through the Grecian Archipelugo to the Dardanelles; if permitted by the Turkish authorities he will proceed through the sea of Marmora to Contantinople, thence coasting along the ports of the Black Sea, to the Sea of Asov he will return by the way of the Isle of Cyprus, upon the south ls, I found, on calculation, that we were side of the Mediterranean; stopping at Acre Jerusalem, and Alexandria, on his way, and sad-Cape, and perhaps into the white Sea-from th point he may go to Spitzbergen and Iceland and thence crossing an immense ocean to th

ted to the traveller, on such a tour, would aftord materials, which, if well digested and arranged, would do credit to the country and confer permanent celebrity upon a voyage, which, without such a narration, will dwindle into a topic of idle curiosity and final insignificance.

ALEA'R. PARKER O'SON,

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The property of the country and confer permanent celebrity upon a voyage, which, without such a narration, will dwindle into a topic of idle curiosity and final insignificance.

THE NATIVITY.
On Christmas day last an old gentleman, residing in the township of Barton, and who was remarkable for keeping what he called the naters in law; but as the weather in the evening became somewhat unpleasant, they made up their minds to stay with him during the night, to which he very cheerfully consented; and both by his actions and his humorous, jacose, must necessarily be pure; and when any other winds for course, looking the result from the result from the result from the saked, was the duty of a representative on this floor? To think and express his own sentiments, openly, fairly and explicitly If a man believes his opinions correct, he ough to athere to them. If they are good they are valuable to the nation. If bad, they will be deprived of his political existence. Above all, said Mr. R. we owe it to the people, we owe it to ourselves to let them know what we are; we gather considerable crops of what corn part of a new grand child, to assist the old gentleman in celebrating the nativity.

[Canada Spectator.

LAUNCH.

On the 1st inst. the steam boat Vesuvius Mr. It said he would not enter into the displacement of the consisting crops around often. These people excel in their gardens, each inhabitant hay be which had been own to the water's edge on the case of the first of the finest adjacent to his house. The said house are content in highest possible respect, and the cheers of numerous spectators. The autempted by any one of them. They hold offine and would go any length to oblige one, and one expansion, so as to suit its dimentions. We might five on the former allowance; we should not become rich by the present. This was a point, he said, of little importance to him in a point, he said to him the said to him the heart said little in the little interest to him the heart said and the cheers of munctures is 157 feet long, on

entitled to a supply of vaccine matter, from me,

JAMES SMITH, U. S. Agent for Vaccination. Baltimore, 14th Jan. 1817. Tr Editors friendly to the interest of hu-

ramity will, it is hoped, insert the above com-

FRESH LMPORTATIONS.

JUST RECEIVED, a large supply of SHOES of every kind, suitable for the season—WINES LIQUORS, and GROCERIES of every kind I intend going to Philadelphia and Baltimore shortly. All those indebted to to me, either by note or book account, are requested to come and settle, for no further indulgence can be expected WILLIAM ROSS.

Nov. 2.

BROWN SUGAR.

TOSHUA HUMPHREYS, has just received :

Excellent Brown Sugar, which he will sell low. WHOLESALE OF RETAIL, at his commission house, on main street.

He will give sixty-two and a half bushel, for merchantable FLAX-SEED

For Sale,

THE ROUSE & LOT in Market street, now occupied by Mr. Desforges, first door below the new Presbyterian Church, and third above the Episcopalian.—For terms apply to Mr. John L. Martin, or to the subscriber, one and one-fourth miles north of Lexington. JABEZ VIGUS.

April 8, 1816.

Stop the Runaway.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 4th instant, a negro woman named MARY, about 37 years of age, had on when she went away, a check cotton freek, a wool hat, and a very large cotton shaw! or different colors. Any person bringing her home or securing her, so that I get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded. W. W. GRAVES.

To my Friends and the Public in general.

TOHN MARSH has again commenced the SPINNING BUSINESS. He has in his employment workmen of the best kind.—Cotton Yarn for sale of the best quality, and as the pas any in the western country. I also wish to inform the public that I have ready for sale, one SPINNING THROSTLE of 108 spindies, with all the necessary preparation ma-chinery; and will have finished by the first of January, 1807, two more machines of the same amount. Those persons wishing to purchase Machinery, can also be accommodated with a first rate workman to superintend their busi

Tobacco.

1000 hhds. WANTED .-- Enquire of J. & T. G. PRENTISS. Jan. 17. 3--11

For Rent,

Ladies best Kid and Morocco Slippers, assorted.
Ladies Cork-soal Shoes and Boottees, assorted.
Ladies Cork-soal Shoes and Boottees, assorted.
The best Imperial and Young Hyson TEAS.
Loaf Sugar and Coffee.
Madder, Indigo, Ginger and Mustard.
The best Madeira & London particular WINES.
The best Port Wine and French Brandy.
They have also lately opened very cheap Flannels and rose Blankets—All of which they will sell on the most reasonable terms for Cash, Country Linen and Linsey.



AVING commenced a FOUNDRY, in the town of Lexington, opposite Lewis San-Retail, at a small advance for Cash.

All orders will be thankfully received and ladelphia prices.

agreeable to purchasers, will be sold in larger

years. The title is unexceptionable, the situ-failed—and I am determined not to pay it unless ation on one of the most improving streets in compelled by law. Lexington.-Apply to WILLIAM MACREAN, or

JOHN WRIGGLESWORTH. June 20, 1816.

Dancing School.

JOHN DARRAC, (Professor of Dancing,) RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gen themen of Lexington and its vicinity, that his DANCING SCHOOL will be opened on Friday the 18th of October, at Mr. Cornelius Coyle's house, corner of Jordan's Row and Main-street, where he proposes to teach the art of Dancing in all its varius branches, with a variety of new and fashio

Person desirons of being instructed are requested to apply at Mr. Giron's Confectionary Store, Mill street, or to John Darrae at Mr. Wickliff's tavern Au Evening S 'nool will be opened for a limited number of young gentlemen on an immediate appli-ation—his time would not permit him otherwise

Regular PRACTISING BALLS will be estabshed as soon as his pupils are sufficiently instructed.

October 7.

41

PAPER HANGINGS,

THE Subscribers repectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its vicinity, that they have just received an elegant

French and American Paper Hangings,

Which they offer for sale at very moderate es. Among them there are a few sets of the Monuments of Paris, Views of the City and Bay of Naples, with

an elegant representation of Mount vesu-1816. Vius. Captain Cook's voyage in the Pacific Ocear

and a representation of his death by the Owyhee nation.

A view of the Chase, Paul and Virginia, and some views in India

They also have received a few handsome figures for Chimney boards

They have also received an extensive assort-

GROCERIES,

Consisting of Teas, Coffee and Chocolate. Loaf, Lump and Brown Sugar.

Raisins, Almonds and Brunes.
Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Allspice, Pepper,
Mustard, Cinnamon, Race and Ground Ginger.

Indigo, Allum, Madder, Brimstone, Copperas, Glue and Rosin. Lancaster, Scotch and Maccoboy Snuff

Spanish and Common Segars.

M'Queys best Chewing Tobacco.

Wines, French Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Hol
land Gin and Whisky.—Best Quality. Cod Fish, Shad, Salmon, Mackarel, Scotch and

Pickled Herrings.
Wash Balls, Shaving Soap, New-England
Cheese and Sweet Oil.

The Subscribers continue to put up Paper Hangings, and execute

PAINTING & GLAZING.

Orders from the adjoining towns for apprehing in their line, shall be promptly attended to. The highest price in CASH, will be given for clean FLAXSEED. DOWNING & GRANT.

Lexington, Dec. 2.

KENTUCKY INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Directors for the Kentucky Insurance Company have this day declared a dividend of five dollars on each share for the last half year, which will be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at their office on and after the 6th inst. J. L. MARTIN, Cash'r.

S. H. WOODSON,

A STALL and convenient BRICK HOUSE & LOT, for a small family, on Main-street, above the Post-Office, for one year—application to David Todd or myself.

Jan. 18.

3-3

AS removed to Lexington with an intention to devote himself to the practice of Law. His office is kept in a front room of the brick building opposite Capt. Postlethwait's Ind., 1817,

THE WESTERN

Piano-Forte Manufactory, Jordan's Row, next door to the Reporter Printing Office.

T. L. EVENDEN,

MANUFACTURER of Plane-Forms, (many years in London and five years in Philadelphia,) respectfully informs ladies and gentlemen of the Western Country, that he has removed to Lexington, where he manufactures Piano-Fortes; which for gondness, beauty, and price combined, cannot be equalled from any source; on the truth of which assertion, and on that only. T. L. E. presumes to ask that patronsell on the most reasonable terms for Cash, Country Linen and Linsey.

49tf

Lexington, Nov. 20, 1816.

One of the Subscribers having just started to Philadelphia for the purpose of bringing out a large assortment of goods, in order to make room for them, those on hand will be sold on very reduced prices either by wholesale or retail for Cash.

Jan. 10. 1817.

A. PARKER & SON.

Jan. 10. 1817.

Source; on the truth of which assertion, and on that only, T. L. E. presumes to ask that paromage from a discerning public, for which he is solicitous, and hopes when it is found that his Pianos (on the result of long experience) are preferable to others of American make and no deaver—and equal to the best imported—made of better materials—stand the climate better—and 20 per cent cheaper—that he will meet that encouragement that skill, liberality, and industry may reasonably hope for from a liberal public; which will at all times be gratefully received by their most obedient servant, Dec. 27, 1816.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have just received, and are now opening, a large and extensive Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Tilford, Trotter & Co.

P. S. Among other articles they have CAR-PETING for Rooms, Passages, &c. Also, a consignment of GOLD and SILVER PATENT LEVER WATCHES, for sale at Phi-

January 1st, 1817.

T. T. & CO. 128-tf

Take Notice.

ALL those indebted to the estate of Margaret For Sale,

Seven lots on Water Street, beginning below Bradford & Bowles Steam Mill, to the corner of Spring street, opposite the Play-house, the whole containing 200 feet front on Water this ground will be so divided as to make Seven Lots, of shout 29 feet each, but if more agreeable to purchasers, will be sold in larger

One third of the purchase money will be required in hand—on the balance, a liberal credit will be given of one, two and three sideration for which the above note was given has LEROY ROSE.

THE KENTUCKY ALMANAC, FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

1817,

Is just published and for sale at this Office. y the gross, dozen, or single.

Orders from a distance will be strictly at-

The Third Volume Of Bradford's Edition of the

LAWS OF KENTUCKY THIS work is now in the press, and the printing nearly finished. The publication will be delayed a few weeks, in order to add to it the laws of the ensuing accion of the general assembly. It will then comprehend all the General Laws which have been passed since the publication of the second volume, and the three volumes contain the whole statute laws of Kentucky.

We have on hand a few copies of the first and second volumes. Gentlemen wishing to provide

second volumes. Gentlemen wishing to provide themselves with a complete copy of the laws. will do well by applying soon, as they will remain a very short time on hand when the third volume is Nov 18

TAKEN UP by Randol Hayley, living in Fay-

m-works road, one SURREL MARE, three rears old next spring, has a blaze face, the right we lid torn, flaxen mane and tail, about four feet high. Appraised to ten dollars, this 2d day of Dec. 816. A true copy from the record. 3-0 JAS. WOOD, J. P. P. C.

DIRECT TAX OF 1816.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber has received lists of the Direct Tax of the United States, for 1816, remaining due upon property in the following counties in ing due upon property in the tollowing counties in the state of Kentucky, not owned, occupied or superintended by some person residing within the collection district in which it is situate, and that he is authorised to receive the said-taxes with an addition of ten per cent thereon: Provided such payment is made within one year after the day on which the Collector of the district where such property hes, kad notified that the tax had become due on the

For what county. Date of Collector's notification that the Tax had become due.

3	Fayette,	Oct 1, 1816.
1	Jessamine,	ditto
1	Woodford.	ditto
	Butler,	Sept 25, 1816
	Logan,	ditto
1	Barren,	ditto
۱	Warren,	ditto
1	Cumberland,	ditto
	Bourbon,	Aug. 28, 1816
Į	Bracken,	ditto
	Mason,	ditto
į	Nicholas,	ditto
í	Lewis,	ditto
į	Campbell,	Sept. 26, 1816.
	Boone,	ditto
Į	Harrison,	ditto
ı	Franklin,	ditto
ı	Scott,	ditto
ľ	Pendleton,	ditto
ł	Gallatin,	ditto
ı	Collector's Of	fice, Jan. 21, 1817
ı	30	HN H. MORTON.
i	4-8	Collector designated by a

Secretary of the Treasury, Printers authorised to publish the laws, in this state, are requested to insert the above eight weeks; and forward their accounts.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims against the estate of the late Richard Cave, dec. are desired to bring them forward for adjustment, and those inlebted, are earnestly called on to make immediate payment to LEWIS SULLIVAN, SEx'torss-Woodford county, Nov. 1816: ... 4-5

Fentucky Gazette.

"True to his charge—
"He comes, the Herald of a misy world;
"News from all nations lumb'ring at his bac

LEXINGTON, MONDAY, FEBRUARY S

Summary of legislative proceedings HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The following is an extract from the report of the committee in the House of Represents of the shop!—N. C. Minerva.

tives on internal navigation, viz:

"Your committe think it only necessary, in addition thereto, to add, that as there is a bill before this house for establishing a lock navigation company to clear out the obstructions in the Kentucky river from its mouth to the Frankfort bridge, your committee recommend that said bill be passed into a law, with such modifications and amendments as may be thought necessary, and that the commissioners to be appointed to examine the Kentucky river examine the same from the Frankfort bridge to the highest point of navigation, and not belo In regard to the obstructions in said bridge. In regard to the obstructions in the falls of the Ohio river, your committee are informed, that a law has been lately passed by the legislature of Indiana, incorporating a com my to open a canal on the Indiana side, which bught to engage the legislature of Kentucky to make such arrangements as will prevent the infant state of Indiana from gaining any advantage over the state of Kentucky, which, from age, wealth and population, ought certainly to take the lead."

On a bill to increase the capital of the state bank, Mr. Booker offered an incomment, that whenever the bank should hereafter refuse specie, it should forfeit the privileges granted by the act, which was negatived. Also, Mr. Rudd offered an amendment to prohibit any bank director from being eligible to the legislature, which shared the same fate. An act has passed both houses to compel circuit judges to reside within the bounds of their cir Judges to reside within the bounds of their circuits. On Saturday the house was principally engaged in local matters, but passed a bill further to suspend law process in certain cases, which continues the replevin law. The bill to prevent the circulation of private notes, has passed both houses. Also, the resolutions relative to the navigation of the Misssippi. A bill authorising the sale of Bibb's Reports, the proceeds to be appropriated to the purchase of a state library, has, on motion of Mr. Rowan, been laid on the table till the On Monday last the bill to establish an Independent Bank at Louisville, was rejected-ayes 36, nays 44. The house have passed an act to regulate the fees of Sheriffs and Constables, which affords a complete table of the fees of those officers.

On Monday Mr. Breckinridge read and laid on the table the following resolution : "Resolved, That the general assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky, provide by law, for electing a governor to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of our late govern-

On Tuesday the committee appointed to examine charges against Samuel Turner, Jus-tiee of the peace for Gallatin, reported that he had resigned. The committee on finance reported, that it is unnecessary to lay any additional tax, and recommend the subscription of 25,000 dollars to the state Bank, and 12,500 semi-annually when the state dividend shall The house then went into committee of the whole, on the resolution concerning a new election of governor, and spent the rest of the day in debate.

A resolution laid on the table in the early part of the session, providing for a removal of the seat of government, was rejected on Wed

mesday, 20 in the affirmative.

The Senate approved last week of the nominations of judges Trimble and Johnson.

The Senate determined on yesterday against reducing the circuit court judges' salaries, by a majority of six votes.

tablishment of a new Executive Department, munication with our head quarters. to be called the Home Department, was again under consideration, and gave rise to a debate of considerable interest, as we learn, (not having been present)-in which the bill was de fended and supported by Messrs. Roberts, Barbour and Sanford, and opposed by Messrs. Tait, Macon and King. It appears to be doubtful what is to be the fate of this bill, notwithstanding the decided recommendation of the meas-

Barbour being its principal supporter. The terranean. Of the necessity of maritime employment to an officer of my grade, with yet a execution of four pictures of the principal eventuation to acquire, you are sufficiently as vents of our Revolutionary History; and thus ware; and, while others are seduously decoting themselves to a service, now holding of War, in obedience to a resolution of the athird time.—Nat. Int.

The House of Representatives yesterday resolved, after a discussion of near three days, that the present Lieutenant Governor is entired to the first pay officer.

The death of my inestimable friend, captain and inspector General's Report: that the present Lieutenant Governor is entitled to hold the office of Governor the whole
term for which George Madison was elected.
Yeas 61, nays 26.
The Senate immediately
concurred 28 to 3. The yeas and nays will
be given hereafter.

LEGISLATIVE MUNIFICENCE.
The Maryland House of Delegates have been that the present Lieutenant Governor is enti-

The Maryland House of Delegates have passed a Resolution, granting the sum of Thirty Thousand Dollars to the Hospital at Balti-The Baltimore Gazette concludes an article on this subject with the following pertinent remark—" It is such acts that legisla-tors entitles themselves to the thanks and grat-

Monday last was 15 dollars per barrel. We do not understand, however, that any quantity was sold at that price.

From the New-York Gazette, Jan. 17.

Loss of the United States' brig Chippewa The United States' brig Chippewa, Lieut Read, sailed from Boston on the 27th of Nov. bound to the Gulph of Mexico. On the 12th

We learn that Gen. Thomas, of Milledgville, The bright of the cure of a Cancer in his mouth, with his palace, whither he used to retire. It with his palace, whither he used to retire. It is song of the poet, the dream of the lover, the infidel's Heaven is beauty in smiles. sas since died of the complaint.

tne other day, on receiving from Kentucky, a newspaper headed the National Pulse! But on looking a little further I found the reason of the singular cognomination. The paper is half the objects escape the search of a transient edited by a physician, and the thing only smells visitor-

One bundred barrels of Superfine Flour, were sold in this town yesterday, for \$ 1500 -a higher price, we believe, than this article ever before commanded in this market.

Loammi Baldwin, esq. of Cambridge Mass has, accepted of the appointment of Principal Engineer of the Board of Public Works, of Virginia-with a salary of \$4000 per annumthe expences of his travelling paid.

Extract of a letter from Gen. Bolivar to a gen tleman in Philadelphia, dated Port-au-Prince, from New York, with despatches, between Al-

Sir-I suppose you have heard through foreign newspapers, the result of my last expedition to Venezuela; but probably have not been able to form a precise judgement from the wont of a knowledge of the necessary details. The

the facts occurred.

of war, are articles which must find a ready and lucrative sale for those who undertake business of this kind. The ports of Margaretta, Cumma, and Barcelona are open, being already occupied by our troops, and offer to American merchants safe points to transact those affairs, and the villian, or villians, who have asserted it, would not have dared, had I been presented in chants safe points to transact those arrains, and contribute thus nobly to promote the liberty of the country of Carracas. The frequent intercourse between that country and North America, and the protection which government is rica, and the protection which government is the flag of an independent nation. I should not have dared, had I been present, to insult the feelings or wound the honor of a commander (not as stated in the paragraph of a privateer) but of a ship of war, sailing under the flag of an independent nation. I should not have dared, had I been present, to ready to afford to honest and industrious foready to afford to honest and link among us, eighers who may choose to settle among us, ed it a duty to myself, and the government cannot but retrieve very soon the losses we have under which I serve, to refute so unfounded a suffered, and will, we trust, give us virtuous citizens. Please to disseminate these ideas among foreigners of probity who may not yet he advantages of our country and fine climate

As I was writing this, an American vessel, ust arrived from St. Thomas, gives us the pleas-int news, that La Guira and Carracas have been ant news, that La Guira and Carracas have been evacuated by the Sponiards, and that many of our enemies have been captured by the arrived stoops of Margaretta, at the time of leaving Pampater. This news seems to be very agreeable taking into consideration the defeat of Morales at Tuncal, and that the royalists are not the armough to oursons Generals M'Gregor and the reigners stoke well of capt. Folger and the reigners stoke well of capt. Folger and the reigners stoke well of capt. Folger and rates at Tuncal, and the distribution of the army of New-tiranda, who has been the chief of the In the Senate, yesterday, the bill for the es-

I am your affectionate countryman and friend, BOLIVAR.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

Richmond, dated

Captain Gordon was by nature gifted with a mind of extraordinary powers, which by his own exertions he had rendered capable of encountering the difficulties of any professional station, with credit to himself and country. For quickness of conception, and uncommon promptness of execution, he was distinguished say, any man would have been more offensive Oh! weep not, sweet maid! though the bright under half his grievances. However, his worth is recorded in a happier sphere. He died on the 6th September on board this ship, then in The softness of sorrow no magic can borrow the harbor of Messina, and was buried on the To vie with the splendor of beauty in smiles 11th with all the pomp and ceremonies due to his rank and merits. To judge from her present appearance, you would say that the Constellation is destined long to wear the weeds.

September 21st. The Java and this ship bound to the Guiph of Mexico. On the 12th of December was stranded on a reef of rocks of Mexico and Caicos Island. Vessel lost—part of her sails and rigging saved. The officers and crew specimen of ancient ingenuity, 'The car of specimen of ancient ingenuity,' The car of Renew every flower which the tempest deof December was strained on a rect of rocks left Messina—24th, anchored in the bay of extending from the northwest point of the Syracuse. I went on shore for the first time and visited that curious and very celebrated specimen of ancient ingenuity, 'The ear of landed on the Island, and went to Turks Island, and went to Turks Island, where they chartered the schr Tryall, and, where they chartered the schr Tryall, and where they chartered the schr Tryall. and, where they can arrived at this port last supposed enemies, and is so constructed as to Revives in the sunshine of beauty in smiles, evening. uttered in any part, the sound being conveyed. The crown of the hero, the star of the rover,

New-Onleans, Jan. 13. | derives its name from its shape, and is lengthy, | A single gentleman advertises, in a provin-W. C. C. Claiborne, Esq. has been duly elected by both houses of the legislature, senator to the congress, in the room of J. Brown,

its position, no one being able to comprehend my meaning. Indeed, without introductory letters to persons of intelligence or distinction, murder of his wife, and convicted of min-

Being joined off the harbor by the Washing Being joined on the harbor by the Washing ton, United States and Erie, we stood over to Tripoli, where we were joined by the Ontario, aged about 70. The decease of this lady has produced the keenest regret throughout her where we fell in with the Peacock, captain Captain Burchmore, at Salem, from Brazils, which he left the 6th of December, informs, and in a perfect state of defence. The walls have been gellantly and vigorously assaulted, days before he sailed with letters some of but were too strong to be exemptially injured. days before he sailed with letters, some of which stated, that the Portuguese had taken possession of Monte Video; and others, that the Portuguese troops had deserted, and gone the Portuguese troops had deserted, and gone inster and langrage; which answered the object of slaughtering and driving the desperadoes from their guest.

What may be the disposition of the Algerines hurl defiance at the whole christian world. We fell in with the Spark, capt. Nicholson, the living good.

From the Nortolk Herald:

giers and Malaga.

Nonfolk, Jan 4.

Gentlemen-In your paper of yesterday ! documents which I have the pleasure to send you, will supply this deficiency. I can assure had captured under the Buenos Ayres flag, the you that they are written impartially, and as he facts occurred.

I have at length organized a new expedition, of Spanish South America is at present such I have at length organized a new expedition, and with the same object in view. This expedition is undoubtedly much superior to the former; a greater number of vessels, a greater quantity of military stores, and more men accompanying me to my country, which calls upon me once more. I go back again within six days to give to my fellow-citizens new testimonials of my devotion to their welfare.

of Spanish South America is at present such as perfectly warrants that proceeding. You, Gentlemen, as well as the generality of mankind, must be conscious that the independent governments of that country are must attent open warfare with Old Spanish South America is at present such as perfectly warrants that proceeding. You, Gentlemen, as well as the generality of mankind, must be conscious that the independent governments of that country are must attent of open warfare with Old Spanis, to defend their distributions against their oppressors. Lacted under one of these commissions, and I appeared to the conscious that the independent governments of that country are must attent of open warfare with Old Spanish South America is at present such as perfectly warrants that proceeding. You, Gentlemen, as well as the generality of mankind, must be conscious that the independent governments of that country are must attent of the country are must be conscious that the independent governments of that country are must be conscious. days to give to my fellow-citizens new testimonials of my devotion to their welfare.

The mercantile relations between Venezuela and the United States of America must be henceforth very advantageous to both quarters.—
Good arms, ammunition, clothing, and vessels of war, are articles which must find a ready and of war, are articles which must find a ready and of war. would not have dared, had I been present, to have troubled you at this length, but conceiv calumny.

1 am, respectfully, gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
JOHN CHASE,

Commander of the Independent schr Potosi. To the Editors of the Norfolk, and \ Portsmouth Herald.

the prisoners spoke well of capt. Chase's per

"Advices on Saturday reached L.l. yd's of the capture on the 6th ult. off Cadiz, of the Cuescia, a Spanish vessel from Havanna, by the Po tosi privateer, after a sharp action — The Cuercia was laden with colonial produce, and \$21,000 for the Cadiz merchants. The Potos carries 6 guns, and has a crew of 160 men, all natives of the United States with the excep-Extract of a letter from a young Officer of the tion of one Spaniard. The commander is American Navy, to an intimate friend in John Chase, of Baltimore, the same person Gerrar-Bat, Nov. 12. we believe, who was recently tried and ace by the President.

The Private brig Chauncey having been se.

The Senate afterwards took up the Joint Res

lected by the Commodore for the transports.

Under the commission he holds from the Buenwounded, some dangerously."

THE ARMY.

General Staff of the North Division General Staff of the South Division Corps of Engineers Yet Ordnance Department Regiment of Light Artillery lorps of Artillery 2,528 First Regiment of Infantry Second Regiment of Infantry Phird Regiment of Infantry Fourth Regiment of Infantry ifth Regiment of Infantry ixth Regiment of Infantry eventh Regiment of Infantry ighth Regiment of Infantry Rifle Regiment

From the Dublin Examiner.

BEAUTY IN SMILES.

tear of beauty
To kindred emotion each feeling beguiles;

Man roves thro' creation a wandering stranger, A dupe to its follies, a slave to its toils; But bright o'er the billows of doubt and of

The rainbow of promise is beauty in smiles.

sign - Courier.

I was particularly anxious to be shown the solution of Arethusa; but could not ascertain ficient in music!

DIED-In Jessamine

WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 21. It is with no ordinary feelings, that we sn. nounce to our readers the departure from the world, of ALEXANDER JAMES DALLAS, late Secretary of the Treasury, who died at 2 o'clock, on Thursday morning last, of a owards us, I have no further clue to form an sudden attack of disease to which he was subobjainin, than their appearance and behaviour; they are evidently hostile. It seems they have applied for assistance to the Grand Seignior—I fancy, in ships-when most probably they will uous place among the departed great, and, by his private virtues, the respect and esteem o

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE Law of the United States.



(BY AUTHORITY.)

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act to regulate the duties on imports and tomage.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re en'atives of the United States of America in Cangress assembled. That the tonnage paid by ships or vessles which shall be en ered in the U. States, excepting only such foreign ships of vessels as shall be entered from ny foreign port or place to or with which ves els of the U. States are not ordinarily permit ed to go and trade, shall be the same as are provided by the act enntitled " an act imposing duties on the tonnage of ships or vessels. of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety: Provided always, That nothing in this act contain d shall be deemed in any wise to mpair any rights and privileges which have been or may be acquired by any foreign nation inder the laws and treaties of the U. States relative to the duty on tonnage of vessels.

Sec. 2. And be it further exacted, That on all

foreign ships or vessels, which shall be entered in the U States before the thirtieth day of June next, from any foreign port or place, to and with which vessels of the U. States are not or dinarily permitted to go and trade, there shall be paid a duty at the rate of two dollars per And theduties provided by this act shall e levied and collected in the same manner and nder the same regulations as are prescribed by aw, in relation to the duties upon tonnage new

January 14, 1617.—Approved, JAMES MADISON.

LOOK HERE! A FEW weeks ago, some person, whose name 1 do not remember, gave me a horse to sell to the highest bidder. He appeared a sus-picious character, and on examination he beame aiarmed and went off, saying he would be back the next day and satisfy me. It appears to me he must have stolen the horse; ow if the owner will come and prove roperty he may have him. He is a dark rown color, and is 16 or 17 hand high.

5-3 HUGH CRAWFORD.

Lost,

cash. Whoever finds it, and delivers the diamond to the printer or myself, may have the THOS. T. BURNS. Lexington, Jan 31.

NOTICE Kentucky Mutual Assurance Company, against losses by Fire.

THE annual meeting of the shareholders will be fice of the Kentucky Insurance Company, in Lexington, at 12 o'clock, for the choice of a President and twelve Directors. All persons who have made assurance in this office are requested to attend. Feb. 1. 5-4 W. MACBEAN, Cl'k.

NOTICE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a young man qualified for keeping a public bar—also, one throroughly acquainted with keeping books. The most satisfactory evidence as to integrity and good character, will be required -and good wages will be given by the subscri-

795 ber, at the Indian Queen Tavern, Lexington.
Jan. 27. 5-3 BENJ. LANPHEAR.
024 N. B. Also wanted, two trusty negro women at the above establishment.

A Great Coat Lost.

A new drab great coat with a large cape and pink flannel lining, was taken from my house a few nights since—satisfactory compen ation will be made on its return. CHARLES HUMPHREYS.

January 30, 1817

Fayette County, set.

Taken up by William Roman, five miles from Lexington, on the Hickman Road, one DARK BAY MARE, seven years old, thirteen hands two inches high, no brands, shod before, some white on her left hind foot. Appraised to Ten Dollars by E. Porter and R. before me this 24th day of January, 1817.
5-3° O KEEN J. P.

Flour, Wheat & Corn. THE subscribers continue to purchase the above articles

February 3d, 1817. 5-1f

J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Tammany Society.

A stated meeting of the Sons of Tammany or Brethren of the Columbian Order, will be held at the Council Fire of their Great Wigner, on Wednesday evening the 5th instant precisely at the going down of the Sun.

By order

P. PENISTON, Sec'tys. Month of Snows 3d, N. D. 325

CASH_FOR TOBACCO.

Cash will be given for a few hogsheads of prime Tobacco, by MORRISON, BOSWELLS & SUTTON January 24, 1817.

Notice is hereby Given,

HAT the subscribers have been duly ap-Jerathmel Bowers Borland, dec'd.—Those having claims against the estare will present them or settlement, those that are indebted are re-

quested to make immediate payment.

JOHN JENCKES,

JOS. S. BORLAND. LEONARD WHEELER. Lexington, Jan. 22.

ALLUVION BAKE-HOUSE.

THE subscribers have erected a large BAKE-HOUSE, at their mills, on Water-street, Lexington, opposite the Warehouse, where baking is extensively carried on They have now on hand a quantity of buiseunt, of the following kinds viz: Pflot Bread, Navy Bread, Ship Bread, Water and Butter Biscuit; and engagements will be entered into to furnish fifty barrels of the above kinds of Biscuit per week. They have also commenced the baking of Loaf Bread; such of the entizens who please to favor them with their enstom, may be served at their own doors, before early breakfast, every morning, with any quantity they may order, fresh their own doors, before early breakfast, every morning, with any quantify they may order, fresh and warm. Bread of every description will be constantly kept at Isaac Bowles', on Cross-street, between Main & Main Cross-streets, & at the house of B. Blout, on Shortsfreet, between Upper & Mulberry-streets.

BRADFORD & BOWLES.

January 23.

Fayette county, set.

TAKEN UP by George Colvert, about 3' miles from Lexington, Leestown road, one SORREL, MORSE, ten years old, 14 hands 2 inches high blemish on his right eye, snall star, some white hairs on his shoulders, appraised to \$30, by David W. Ruth & Wm. Dicksor, before me this 9th Nov 1816.

A copy. Test, Annon Finin dr.d.c. f.c. c.

Jessamine County, to wit :

TAKEN UP by James Campbell, living near the Shaker ferry, a SORREL HORSE, with a blaze face, some saddle spots in his back, about 4 years old, and about 14 3-4 hands high, shod all round. Appraisad to \$54, before me, this 18th day of November, 1816.

4- A copy. Test,
JOHN METCALF, J. P. J. C.

Bakers Wanted.

TWO or three BAKERS wanted, to whom good wages will be given.

BRADFORD & BOWLES.

Lexington Alluvion Mills, Dec. 16.

51

HISTORY OF THE

THE LATE WAR

In the Western County, Is now published and ready for delivery, to Subscribers at the subscription price of Two Dollars and a Half. As the work contains 100 pages more than was expected when the prospectus was first issued, the price will be advanced Fifty Cents to non-subscribers. It will be sold at JAMES W PALMER'S Book Store on Main street, and at the REPORTER COUNTING HOUSE, at Three Dollars.

Subscribers are requested to call for their opies. 49-tf

Take Notice.

By virtue of a deed of trust from Micajale D Clark to myself, in favour of Andrew M'Calla, executed the 1st. day of February, 1815, to secure the several sums of money therein specified; there will be exposed to The Senate afterwards took up the Joint Res olution for authorizing a Painting to be executed from Col. Trumbull's design of the Signature in Congress of the Deckration of Independence. On this bill there was a debate, Mr. deferting the processity of maritime embles and fifty cents in the following NEGRO SLAVES, to wit: public sale on the 29th inst. at the house of the following NEGRO SLAVES, to wit:

Will, Perry, 3 Sarahs' Jenny, Salley, Polley,
Nancy, Elsa, 3 Judys' Suckey, Sal, Lucinda.

Tom, and there increase since the date of said Trust :-- And by virtue of a deed of Trust in like manner executed to me by said Clark, in favour of said M'Calla, bearing date the 3d. day of October, 1815, to secure the payment therein mentioned, there will be sold at the same time and place, on the same credit and terms:—I Wagon, Geer, and five Horses: 7 other Horses, at that time in the possession of said Clark; 25 head of Cattle, 60 head of Sheep, 60 head of Hogs, 8 Beds and furni-ture, 1 1-2 doz. chairs, 3 Folding Tables, 1 Bureau, and all his Kitchen Furniture. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock in the morning. MATHEW ELDER, Trustee.

January 11. 1817. SHORT NUTICE.

A LL those indebted to me by bond, note, or book account, will do well by calling and discharging the same by the 20th inst. as I will leave here for the Eastward on or before that day. All business concerning myself will be transacted by Ma. F.

Manshall, until my return.

JOSEPH I. LEMON.
January 10th, 1817.

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber some time in the month of last June, a small SORREL HORSE.

7 or 8 years of age, about 14 and a 1.2 hands high, with a small blaze in his face, a little crest-fallen, his left hind hoof badly split nearly up to the hair, some white feet, but not recollected. As I brought him from Virginia some little time. some white teet, but not recollected. As I profight him from Virginia some little time before ne strayed, I suspect he is making that way. Any person giving information of said horse to me at Versailles—by letter or otherwise, so that I get him again shall receive the above reward.

JOHN C. STRAUGHAN.

Soap and Candle Factory. THE subscriber will give the highest price in each the ensuing fall and winter for Tallow, Hogs's Lard and Kitchen

Woodford County, Dec. 6, 1816.

August 5th, 1816,

Grease, At his Soap and Candle Manufactory on Market street, opposite the south east end of the Transylvania University, where merchants and others may be supplied with Soap, Mould and Dipped Candless of the best quality and at the shortest notice. THOMAS TIBBATS.



HAIR CUTTER, WIG MAKER &c. Next door to Capt Postlethwait's, Main street, INFORMS his customers and the public, that he has just received from Philadelphia, is addition

to his former stock
Elegant Razors,
Razor Strops and Paste,
Soaps of all kinds,
Hair Brushes,
Combs & Comb Brushes,
Gentlemens' Gloves,
Suspenders,
Footh Powder & Brushes,
Wash Balls,
Twezers,
Led Peneils,
Pematum,
Pematum,
Playing Cards,
Shaving Boxes,
Just received from New-Ordeans, 100,000 best
Spanish Segars, which may be had very low by the
box or small quantity.

Eau de Cologne,
Lavender,
Antique Gil,
Dolls,
Clothes Brushes,
Shaving Soap,
Twezers,
Led Peneils,
Pematum,
Playing Cards,
Spanish Segars, which may be had very low by the

Advertisement.

TAM authorised by Mr. Francis Patterson Lor of Green County, Ohio, to make sale of the Lor of GROUND adjoining the Baptist Meet ing House, in Lexington, known on the plan of the said town by the number 20. It is an inlot about 60 feet on Main-street, and extends to Short-street, having the same front on each

This Lot will be sold on reasonable terms; and those wishing to obtain Luts to build on in Lexington, should make early application for this, as there are but few unimproved Lots in the place more desirable.

CHAS. HUMPHREYS.

Lexington, Dec. 5, 1816 CARDING & FULLING

[At Royle's Factory, on the Frankfort road, one mile from Lexington.] Wool carded at 6d. per pound.

Also, Fulling and finishing Cloths, Linseys, &c. in the best manner, at all times, having water the feat round.

For Sale, A quantity of very strong coarse Sattinets, very suitable for Negroes clothing, and some Woolens.
THOMAS ROYLE. August 15, 1816

Lexingion Lancaster

SCHOOL and ACADEMY. T is with much pleasure I inform the inhabitants of this town and vicinity, that by the first of January, I shall have my NEW SEMINARY in a condition to be occupied by all my school—the rooms will be large, comfortable and well fitted for the purpose of teaching—the male and temale departments separate, an accommodation that heretofore I have not had in my power to render. Having formed a connection with three conflerence

fore I have not had in my power to render. Having formed a connexion with three gentlemen, whose acquirements entitle them to my highest confidence, I trust it will be in our power to give unlimited satisfaction to all who may favor the institution with them patronage.

In the female Academy will be taught English Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, History, Composition, Music and Drawing.

Terms of Tuition in the Lancaster School, 4 dollars per quarter, Books, Writing Paper, Slates, &c. furnished In the other departments, 6 dollars per quarter, [music and drawing separate charges] nothing iteraished except pens and ink. Semi-annual examinations will be held, and a regular set of Books kept in the Lancasterian School, shewing the broguess of the children in that department. A tacation of two weeks will be given after each examination.

December 13, 1816—53

amination.

December 13, 1816—53

The number of teachers, the several improvements in the Lancaster School and the great expense of the establishment will it is presumed, he a sufficient apology for the small alteration in the terms of tuition. A limited number of poor children of respectable parents, will as usual be received and taught gratis.

Indian Queen Tavern. BENJ. LAPHEAR,

Formerly keeper of the Boston Coffee House,

AS the pleasure of informing his triends and the public that he has opened that large and elegant house built by Patterson Bain, Esq. on the corner of Main-Cross and At his store on Cheapside-opposite the Mar Short Streets, in Laxington, Kentucky, where ket-house. he intends devoting his whole attention to ac-commodate and please those who shall honor him wi h their custom. Lexington, 1st Jan 1817.

THE RED RIVER

IRON WORKS,

ARE now in full blast; great alterations having been made for the better in the FURNACE, and she is now making metal of a superior quality. The FORGE is entirely NEW, and in high operation; making BAR IRON equal, if not greatly superior to Do sey or any other imported fron. Any orders left with Mr. Macbean, at my Iron Store in Lexington, will be executed with neatness and dispatch, having employed the best workmen the country can afford. The IRON STORE at Lex ington, will be constantly supplied with IRON and CASTINGS for the convenience of merchants, mechanics and farmers Patterns left there will THOMAS DEVE OWINGS.

Lexington, December 21.

OF NEW SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber, lately from the state of New-York, having rented Samuel Ayres' sensor acost, a few doors from the corner of Main and Mulberry-streets, proposes to receive Scholars therein, buth male and temale, to be taught in one or more of the following branches of literature, viz: Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar & Geography—Also, Geometry, Plane Trigonometry with their application to mensuration of Heights and Distances, Surveying of Land and Navigation—Also, Mensuration of Superfices and Solids, Guaging, Dialing and Book-keeping, by single or double entry. The subscriber having been engaged in the tuition of YOUTH about sixteen years, in several parts of America, in which he had the paironage and support of the generous he had the patronage and support of the generous public, certificates of which he can produce. For further satisfaction he refers to Samuel Ayres or Further satisfaction he refers to Samuel Ayres or Elisha Allen, of this town. Feeling conscious that his diligent attention to his pupils, will not fail to produce the desired effects. Every favour will be gratefully acknowledged.

An EVENING SCHOOL will also be held
in the same room. CORNELIUS WING.
Lexington, January 2, 1817.

TOBACCO

THE highest price will be given for prime TO BACCO, at the Lexington Ware-noise DANIEL HALLSTEAD. Jen. 1, 1817.

GEORGE SHANNON,

Attorney at Law, KEEPS his office on Poplar Row, in the same ouse occupied by the Lexington Branch Bank.

9-17 February 25, 1816.

For Sale,

TWO HUNDRED and FIVE acres of first rate LAND, about eighty acres cleared, on which is a good Dwelling-house, Kitchen, Loom-house, Negro-house, Spring-house, new Barn and Hen-house, &c. One hundred and eighty-three hearing Appletrees, chiefly choice grafted fruit, Pear-trees, Chery-trees, Damson trees, and excellent never-failing water. Terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises, five miles from Lexington, about half mile east of the Lecstown road.

A. BAINBRIDGE.

Nov. 12.

JULIUS GUIN'AND Watchmaker. HAS for sale an assortment of the most

fushionable Watches and Jewellery

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, -ALSO-Clock and Watch Materials

OF THE BEST WORKMANSHIP;
All of which will be sold low at reduced

He keeps his shop two doors below Capt Postlethwaits tavern, formerly occupied by Dr Boswell as a shop and residence, where he makes and repairs CLOCK and WATCHES in he best and neatest manner. Lexington, Sept 23.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 20 Carpenters and Mill Wrights, ALSO

SEVERAL STONE MASONS. Acquainted with erecting furnaces for an IRON FOUNDRY, and an experienced man capable of erecting Iron Work. Also, wanted to contract with some person or persons to cut 10,000 cords of Wood, before November next. The above work is wanted near the main road leading from Louisville to Vincennes, about fifty miles from Louisville. Enquire of Mr. Williamson at French Lack, or Marshalls, near Lick Creek, or J. and T. G. Prentiss, or John Peck, Lexington, Kentucky.

Also, wanted to purchase several yoke of Oxen.

33 August 7th, 1816.

FOR SALE,

ON a long credit, by giving bond and approved security, an

Elegant New Carriage. Apply to THOMAS T. TODD, Lexington, or JOHN TODD, near Walnut-Hill.

John Norton, DRUGGIST.

[Opposite the Insurance Bank, Main st. Lexington] HAS received an extensive assortment of Fresh Medicines, Paints, Dyc-Stuffs, Per-fumes, Pocket and Key Instruments, Scarificators, Spring and Crown Lancets, Scales and Weights, &c. Physicians, Merchants and the public, will be supplied on the lowest terms, wholesale or retail. He has on hand 2000th Stone Ochre, which he will sell low for cash. August 17, 1816.

> Partnership Dissolved. THE PARTNERSHIP OF

Ashton, Beach and Neille, Is this day dissolved by mutual consent—All those having demands on the firm, are requested to apply to Ashton and Beach for the same—all indebted to the firm are to make payment to Ashton and Beach, who are authorised to receive the same.

R ASHTON,

JOSEPH BEACH,

HUGH NEILLE.

Lexington, March 2d, 1816

Lexington, March 2d, 1816

The Coach Making Business. In all its various branches, is still carried on at the old stand by ASHTON & BEACH, where Carrie ages, Gigs, &c. &c. will be made or repaired on the shortest notice, and neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

150 BARRELS BROWN SUGAR,

For Sale by WILLIAM C. BELL,

NEW GOODS, CHEAP FOR CASH.

E. WARFIELD

Has just received from Philadelphia, and is now opening at his Store, Main-street, Lexing-ton, an elegant assortment of Merchandise, which he is determined to sell low, wholesale or retail for Cash—he has fresh Teas, and many India goods that have been very scarce for some time past.—such as Senshaws, Lute-strings, Sursuckers, India Mulls. plain and figured China ware, &c. &c. together with an elegant assortment of fancy goods, suitable to

May 10, 1816.

TO WOOL AND COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

The subscriber has two Wool Carding Machine just faished for sale, also two Throatles of 108 spindles each, 3 Engines for Carding Cotton, a Roving frame of 12 Cans, 2 Drawing frames of 3 heads each, a Reel, &c. &c. These Machines will be warranted to perform as well as any ever made in this country, and not inferior to those made in the eastern states; they will be sold altogether or separatel, for Cash at 6, 12, 18, & 24 months, or for young Negroes, or Whisky, Bacon, Bees-Wax and Tallow, &c. &c. &c. Tallow &c &c &c. &c.

THOMAS STUDMAN Lexington, April 28th, 1816. 18-tf

NEW GOODS.

JOSEPH I. LEMON, Has just received a neat and general assortment of French, India and British GOODS,

In addition to his former assortment which will render it complete. Prompt payments being made for the same, he will be enabled to sell wholesale or retail at reduced prices

Wanted 8.000 yards Tow Linen. Half Cash and half Goods will be given. August 1816.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO THE LADIES

THE LADIES
THE Lexington Manufacturing Company are desirous of obtaining a quantity of fine bleached Linen and Cotton RAGS, which are necessary to enable them to manufacture the important article of fine Paper, of which so much is annually imported, and might be avoided if the patriotismor occonomy of the ladies of Kentucky, would induce them to adopt the customs of the ladies in the eastern states, viz. to keep a Rag Bag, which is usually hung up in a place convenient for the purpose, and in which are deposited the Rags that almost daily appear in every large family.—At the end of the year your rag bags thus attended, will produce you a liberal sum for pin-money, and greatly aid the important manufactories of your state.

ractories of your state.

Six Cents himoney will be paid for fine bleached Linen or Cotton Rags—and a price in proportion for courser quality, or for tow mode from flax or hemp. Apply at the Lexington Manufactory or to J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

Lexington, Nov. 22, 1815.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE FIRM OF

Parker & Graves

IS THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent.—All debts due to or from the late concern, will be settled by William W. Greves. JAMES P. PARKER.

WILLIAM W GRAVES.
Lexington, April 11, 1816. 17-

William W. Graves, Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Glass & SAlso Wines & Young Hyson & China & Brandy. Imperial

SOAP & CANDLE FACTORY. THE Subscriber has lately enlarged his establishment by additional buildings, and will now be enabled to supply the public by wholesale and retail, with prime SOAP of evelarge s ry kind, equal in quality to any manufactured in the United States—and with the best

DIPPED & MOULD CANDLES. Commissaries, Contractors, and Merchants who may purchase those articles either for the foreign or home markets, or those who want them for domestic use, will find it to their n-terest to call on him, or to give him their orlers, which will be promptly attended to, and faithfully executed.

JOHN BRIDGES, Corner of Water and Main Cross Streets, next door to Mr. Bradford's Steam Mill and Cot ton Factory, Lexington.

Has on hand and offers for safe, at reduced prices,

COMMIISSION HOUSE, Lexington, Machine Cards.

HAVING formed a correspondence with the Managers of the New-York Manufactory of CARDS, and having been employed by Mr. Daniel the cir of this piece, (the only person in the western enuntry who makes them) to sell all those made by him, he flatters himself he will have it in his power to supply the demand—therefore solicits orders, promising to pay the strictest attention in having them promptly and exactly filled;—and should those from New-York he preferred, he will order them on immediately. Nov 9 46-tf

Just Imported, AT W. MENTELLE'S . COMMISSION STORE, Main Street, next door to Mr. Wm. Lea-

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS English Walnuts, Spanish Filberts and Ground Nuts-Also,

A variety of Choice TOYS. FOR THE APPROACHING CHRISTMAS, & . NEW-YEAR'S GIFTS,

DOLLS, Wholesate and Retail,
BOXES, Glass and Painted,
Elegant Painted & Queen'sware SNUFF BOXES,
MILLS, CUP & BALL, TETOTUMS, and others too numerous for description, REFINED LIQUORICE, in boxes, for colds, and

in sticks. Ditto in sticks,
DURABLE INK,
RAISINS, by the box, or by the pound,
An elegant and cheap set of CHINA,
An assortment of QUEENS' WARE. FIDDLES, and FIDDLE STRINGS, superior

Ditto SPUN, of all sizes, HOMBAZETTS, and other Dry Goods, COMMON WARE, by Wholesale and Retail, RAPPEE SNUFF

APPEE SNUFF.
Orders from the country, attended to, punctually
November 20.

Bear and Otter Skins WANTED.

SAN'L. & GEO. TROTTER, & Co. OFFER the highest price in CASH for prime BEAR & OTTER SKINS, Delivered at their Warehouse.

Lexington, Dec. 18.

JOHN POTTER,

Will purchase Goods at Auction for Kentucky
Merchants, for 2 1-2 per cent, and will warrant them cheaper than they can buy. Money, or
good drafts must be remitted. Reference to Eliand a very small advance for Cash. SEA WARFIELD, Esq. Lexington.

Dissolution of Partnership. The partnership of JOSEPH H. & L. HAW.

KINS, is this day dissolved by mutual con-sent. All persons having claims against the concern, will present them to JOSEPH H.
HAWKINS for adjustment, and all persons
August indebted in any manner whatever will make payment to him.

ders, 2 1-2 Miles from Lexington, by LEWIS SANDERS.

Scott Circuit Court, July Term, 1816.1 Jonathan Robinson,

complainant IN CHANCERY. The Heirs of John Stiles deceased, Defendants,

THIS day came the parties by their attornies and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the heirs of David and Cornelia Galbreath late Cornelia Stiles, are non-residents of this Commonwealth; it is ordered that unless the heirs of the said David and Cornelia Galbreath do appear here on or before the third day of the next Term and answer the Complainant's bill, the same will be taken for confessed against them, and that a copy of this order, be inserted in some authorized paper agreeably to law—A copy from the records in my office. Attest, BENJ. S. CHAMBERS, e. s. c.c.

LEXINGTON MANUFACTORY

THE Proprietors of this Extensive establish

ment are happy in announcing to the public that their Buildings are completed and their Machinery in full operation.

They are ready to receive orders for all kinds and qualities of BROAD CLOTHS, CASIMERS, PLAINS, FLANNELS, COATINGS, DIANKLES & NEGROCILES, COATINGS, THANKLES & NEGROCILES. BLANKETS & NEGRO CLOTHS; also FEL TINGS for papermakers, BILLIARD CLOTHS &c.—Also every description of PRINTING, WRAPPING and WRITING PAPER, PASTE BOARDS, FULLERS BOARDS, SHEATHING In addition to the late stock, is just receiving a fresh supply of MERCHANDISE, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, consisting of description or to imitate any colour and quality at short potice.

Having spared no labour or expense in pro curing the best Machinery and Workmen in this country and from Europe, the proprietors are confident that every article of their manufacture shall be equal in quality to anvied from Europe or manufactured in the United

In consequence of their having on hand a large stock of wool, the proprietors do not wish to receive more at present, but will want all they can obtain in a few months, for which they will give the highest prices paid in any part of America. They will however at all times exchange the goods of their Mauafactory for Wool or Rags. Persons desirous of selling stock or purchasing, or ordering goods, will please apply at said factory, or to J C & M. D. RICHARDSON, or J. & T. G. PRENTISS.

August 27, 1816.

Allen & Grant,

Commission Merchants, Pittsburgh,

SILVER PLATING.

ANDREW M. JANUARY and JOHN C. NUTTMAN, Have commenced the

Silver Plating Business. Opposite the Kentucky Insurance Company's Office, Main Street, Lexington, Kentucky, un

JANUARY & NUTTMAN. Where they have on hand an elegant assortment of PLATED WARE, consisting of Bridle Bils. Stirrups. Spurs. Saddlery, Coach Mounting, Sc. which they will dispose of at wholesale or retail on moderate terms. Country Merchants and Saddlers will find it their in terest to give them a call before they purchase. Old work replated in the best manner, and cash given for old Silver and Pewter.

N. B. John C. Nuttman will continue to

ENGRAVING Of all all kinds, in the neatest manner, on application as above.

Lexington, Sept. 25.

Partnership Dissolved.

THE partnership of FRY & CARSON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those in-debted to the firm are requested to come forward and pay their respective balances; and those havdemands against them, to bring forward their accounts for settlement.

August 1, 1816. 34—
The business of the above concern will hereafter be carried on by the subscriber.
JOHN FRY.

Brass Foundry.

The subscriber informs his friends and the Public in general thathe continues to carry on the Brass Founding business in all its various Branches, at the old stand formerly occupied by I. & E. Woodruff, on Main Street, and will always keep on hand an assortment of And Irons, Shovel and Tongs, Door Knockers, Candlesticks, &c. finished in the neatest manner; he will likewise cast Bells, and work for Mach nery on the shortest notice; he has also a Cup lo for casting Iron, all orders in that line w ll be punctually attended to. Grateful for past favors he hopes to merit a contin-

EZRA WOODRUFF. Lexington, July Oth, 1815.

Robert A. Gatewood, Has opened a very general and well selected assortment of

Merchandise, In his new brick house, opposite Mr. James Wier's Store, which he offers for sale at wholesale or retail

at wholesale or retail

IRONSIDES TAVERN.

THE subscriber having taken the above es tablishment, hopes by his attention to merit

a continuation of the support that has been so liberally given to the house, particularly by travellers.

JABEZ VIGUS. August 5, 1816.

Conveyancer's & Scrivener's Office. L. HAWKINS.
L. HAWKINS.
L. HAWKINS.
L. Wington, March 26, 1816

Out

Out Calling.

Merino and Common Wool Carding in a Superier Style and on the usual terms at Sanders, 2 1-2 Miles from Lexington, by
LEWIS SANDERS.

Lexington, May 28, 1815.

DANIEL GILES has established an office in the room lately occupied by Daniel M. Payne as law office, in Lexington, where he offers his services to the public in the line of his profession. He offers to write all kinds of Deeds of conveyance, Deed-of Trust, Mortgages, &c. to keep and Post Book and Accounts for Merchants and Mechanics, on the plainest and most approved plan, and on the lowest terms. He pledges himself to be faithful in the discharge of any business entrusted to his care.

Lexington, Nov. 27. DANIEL GILES has established an office in the

HOGS BRISTLES.

JOHN LOCKWOOD continues to give the high-est price in CASH for cleaned combed HOGS BRISTLES, at his Brush Manufactory on Main street, two doors below the Post-office. Lexington, December 7th, 1816. 50-6t

B KARRICK, TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has again removed to his old stand on Main-cross street, next door to Mr. Shaw's Hat Factory, where his old customers and others can have their work done in the neatest and TWO OR THREE APPRENTICES wanted.

FOR SALE,

72 Acres first rate LAND—42 acres cleared, Situated one mile west of Lexington Possession (if sold) can be given immediately, and if not sold it will be rented about the middle of February. Apply to me on Water-street, Lexington.

1014. 51tf WM. TOD.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers wish to contract for a Also, PORK, BACON, and WHISKY, and a quantity of WHISKY BARRELS—for which they will pay the highest price in Cash, on de-livery. J. & T. G. PRENTISS Lexington, Nav. 29, 1816. 49-tf

FLOUR, CORN.

QUANTITY of the above articles wanted, for A which the highest price in CASH will be given.—They must be dolivered on the Ohio or Kentucky rivers, before the 1st of March next.

WILKINS & ERNEST.

They have onhand a small quanty of prime OR-LEANS SUGAR by the barrel.

Lexington, December 23d, 1816 .- 52-tf



Stills for Sale.

The Subscriber has on hand, Stills of different sizes and of the best quality, which he will sell low for cash He has lately received from Philadelphia a quantity of Copper, which en-

Stills and Boilers Of any size, at the shortest notice. He also continues to carry on the

TINNING BUSINESS, Two or three JOURNEYMEN TINNERS would be employed, to whom the highest wages will be given.

M. FISHEL.
Lexington, October 1, 1816.

7-tf

WEAVING.

THE subscriber informs his customers and the public, that he has removed to one of widow Russell's houses in Jefferson-Street, where he continues to carry on the weaving of Broad Damask and Diaper figured Carpets, Counterpanes, Double Coverlids, Burdye, Huckaback, Satinets, &c. &c. GEORGE THOMSON.

Real Estate & Negroes For Sale.

TOR SALE, the House and Lot on which I now live, and the corner of Main cross and Water-streets. It is one of the best stands in Lexington for business. As any person desirous of purchasing will wish to see the property, further description is needless. Also a Negro Woman and Girl. The woman about 30 years old, and the girl about 12. For terms apply to Lexington, Dec. 30. JOHN BRIDGES.

Commission Warehouse

JEREMIAH NEAVE & SON, Of Cincinnati, Ohio,

Have erected large and comm Brick Warehouses & Cellars Por the reception of all kinds of Merchandise, Manufactures and Produce, for Storage, and Sale on Commission, for forwarding by the river or to country merchants. Bills and debts collected and punctually remitted. Purchases made and generally all BKOKERAGE and COMMISSION BU-

Cincinnati, February 19-

NOTICE. At a meeting of the board of Trustees of the town of Lexington, on the 7th Nov 1816. RESOLVED, That the market days for the New Market house, be changed from Wednesdays and Saturdays to Tuesdays and Fridays; and that the public be notified thereof in the public papers. The change to take place from and after the passage of this resolution.

Attest, R S TODD, C B. T T. E-

LOOK HERE!

GEORGE COONS having taken the LEXING-TON BREWERY, formerly in the possession of Mr Coleman, informs the farmers that he is now reday to purchase BARLEY, HOPS & WOOD. who have Barley would do well to call im-tely. December 16. 51-tf

CAUTION

WHEREAS, my stock and farm have been much injured by persons passing through on foot and horse, this is intended to inform such strollers that I shall positively make an example of all such trans-gressors hereafter. For S. TEGARDEN,

W. H. TEGARDEN.

Candles & Soap. HAVING undertaken an agency for the Lexing-ton WAX AND TALLOW CHANDLERY, Joshua Humphreys offers for sale by the quantity or single box at his commission house Main street MOULD & DIPPED CANDLES & SOAP, of a inperior excellence and beauty, on terms which he believes will be entirely satisfactory to purchasers. He solicits that these who want supplies of these articles will try them, he believes they will afterwards find it their interest to purchase from no other.

FOR SALE.

CHEAP bargain for cash or good erop Tobac-co, a strong Pennsylvania made road WAG-CHEAR pargarents with a constraint of the constr